

Apply Make Up – Multiple Choice Quiz

1. Papules are
 - a. Fine pinkish red lines in the skin
 - b. Stretched ducts or hair follicles
 - c. Small raised solid painful lumps
 - d. Areas containing a bacterial infection
2. Broken capillaries are
 - a. Fine pinkish red lines in the skin
 - b. Areas containing a bacterial infection
 - c. Stretched ducts or hair follicles
 - d. Small raised solid painful lumps
3. Pustules are
 - a. Areas containing a bacterial infection
 - b. Fine pinkish red lines in the skin
 - c. Stretched ducts or hair follicles
 - d. Small raised solid painful lumps
4. Vitiligo can be described as
 - a. Small raised regular shaped white areas of skin found anywhere on the body
 - b. Patches of skin that appear a much lighter in colour than the rest of the skin
 - c. Irregular shaped patches of pigment usually found around the mouth and upper cheek area
 - d. Discoloured areas of skin that have a blotchy effect, usually found on a black skin
5. Localised red lumps that develop in the hair follicle, that fill with pus and are very painful are known as
 - a. Impetigo
 - b. Scabies
 - c. Boils
 - d. Shingles
6. Chloasma is
 - a. Irregular shaped patches of pigment usually found on the mouth and upper cheek
 - b. Red, raised areas of skin that stays constantly inflamed even with treatment
 - c. Patches of skin that appear a much lighter colour than the rest of the skin
 - d. Small raised irregular white areas of skin that can be found anywhere of the body



7. A client who pre-booked a make-up appointment has conjunctivitis. What should you do?
- Continue with the treatment but avoid the eye area as it is contagious
 - Wipe the eye area with antiseptic solution to destroy the majority of bacteria present and continue with caution
 - Ignore the condition and continue as normal as it is unlikely that you can pass this on to other clients and you don't want to disappoint her
 - Refer the client to their GP, rebook the treatment when the infection has cleared up
8. A parasitic infection which is recognised by grey itchy lines between the fingers and would prevent a make up treatment is known as
- Styes
 - Tinea capitis
 - Scabies
 - Warts
9. Silvery patches of dry skin found around the hair line that would restrict a make up treatment is known as
- Psoriasis
 - Tinea capitis
 - Tinea corporis
 - Eczema
10. The reason to avoid areas of eczema during treatment is to prevent
- Spreading any infection
 - Skin sensitivity from pressure and products
 - Spreading the condition to other areas
 - An allergic reaction
11. Which of the following is NOT a contra indication to make-up
- Impetigo
 - Conjunctivitis
 - Ephelides
 - Herpes Simplex
12. A bacterial infection of the eyelash follicle which is recognised by localised redness and swelling is known as
- Stye
 - Tinea capitis
 - Scabies
 - Warts

Stretch yourself: If you have time here are some more questions:

- What are the main causes of chloasma?

